

**ADVANCES IN IMAGING TECHNIQUES IN ISCHEMIC
HEART DISEASE (DEVELOPMENTS IN
CARDIOVASCULAR MEDICINE)**

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Advances in clinical applications of cardiovascular magnetic resonance imaging

In recent years there have been tremendous advances in cardiac imaging techniques covering the Developments in Cardiovascular Medicine. Free Preview cover. © Advances in Imaging Techniques in Ischemic Heart Disease.

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Cardiovascular magnetic resonance imaging has become the gold standard for of congenital heart disease, heart failure, and

coronary artery disease (CAD). CMR is and fostering the development of novel CMR imaging techniques. .. Department of Radiology and Medical Imaging, and Department of.

Unlike the case in cancer medicine, in cardiovascular medicine, molecular . This method has benefited from advances in high-resolution techniques . For ischemic heart disease and heart failure, molecular imaging of the.

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Cognet, L. At this time, cardiac CT is the cardiac imaging tool with the greatest potential to change clinical practice. In patients with bicuspid aortic valve, dilatation of the tubular aorta was the most common pattern and exhibited the fastest growth similar to Marfan syndromeregardless of the valve morphology.

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A variety of percutaneous procedures used to treat vascular abnormalities and congenital heart disease are in development. High plasma concentrations of glucose lower the fractional utilization of FDG and thus degrade the quality of myocardial FDG uptake images. This is critical in those surgical models that imply an open-chest approach, which means a great impact in the animal thermoregulation and the size of the infarct area, anesthesia timing, cardiovascular depression, etc.. Due to their minimal systemic metabolism and a short recovery phase, inhaled anesthetics offer more security for the development of the procedures; nevertheless, inhalation agents like sevofluorane or isofluorane protect the myocardium against the insult of the hypoxic states and diminish significantly the immune cellular transmigration on inflammatory injuries Rao et al.

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capacity, and not LV outflow tract gradient predicts long-term outcomes. Power, J.